MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT NAME: SODIUM FLUORIDE

1. Product and Company Identification

Product name: Sodium Fluoride
Synonyms: Floridine, Sodium monofluoride, Disodium difluoride, Natrium fluoride, Florocid
Item Numbers: N/A

European Contact Details
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West Sussex, RH10 9LW, England
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General enquiries
UK: +44 (0)1293 528844
France: +(33) 1 47 98 24 01
Germany: +(49) 6420-82-410
Italy: +(39) 0248-4471

US Contact Details
Edwards, Three Highwood Drive, Suite 3-10E,
Highwood Office Park, Tewksbury, MA 01876

General enquiries
+(1) 978-658-5410
Toll Free: 1-800-848-9800

24 h Emergency telephone number:
Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

White to off-white crystalline material that can cause severe eye irritation with burns and skin or respiratory irritation. Skin irritation may be delayed. If inhaled or swallowed, this compound can cause fluoride poisoning. Repeated overexposure to fluorides may have long-term health effects.
For short and long term exposure effects, refer to Section 11 Toxicological data.

Eye Effects: Contact may cause severe irritation and burns with lesions and loss of vision.

Skin Effects: May cause severe skin irritation. Irritation may be delayed. It is possible that tissue damage may occur if skin is wet or moist. Effects are progressive while any residual active fluorides remain.

Ingestion/Oral Effects: May react with stomach acid to produce highly corrosive hydrogen fluoride. Ingestion of sufficient quantities may cause salivation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, and abdominal pain. Symptoms of weakness, tremors, shallow respiration, cardopedal spasm, convulsions, and coma may follow. May cause brain and kidney damage. Fluorides may cause circulatory or respiratory failure and death. Effects may be delayed.

Inhalation Effects: May be absorbed through inhalation of dust; symptoms may parallel those from ingestion exposure. May cause severe respiratory irritation accompanied by coughing, burning sensation, and difficulty breathing. Significant amounts may cause fluid retention and swelling in the lungs (oedema). Repeated exposure may cause chronic bronchitis or other long-term health effects (refer to Section 11).
PRODUCT NAME: SODIUM FLUORIDE

Extended Effects: Extended low level systemic absorption of fluoride may cause fluorosis, an abnormal calcification pattern of the skeletal system. Prolonged repeated exposure may cause changes in the bone and chronic respiratory irritation, congestion, and impairment.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Irritant properties may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, and respiratory conditions. Individuals suffering from diabetes or kidney problems may be more susceptible to the effects of fluoride.

### 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>% Weight</th>
<th>CAS No</th>
<th>Hazard class*</th>
<th>Risk phrase*</th>
<th>EINECS No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Fluoride</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>7681-49-4</td>
<td>T</td>
<td>R25; R32; R36/38</td>
<td>231-667-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FORMULA:</strong> NaF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RTECS:</strong> WB0350010</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hazard class & Risk phrase. These columns are only completed for ingredients which are classified as hazardous under EU Directive No 1272/2008 (as amended) and are present in sufficient concentration to make the overall substance hazardous. In all other situations, the column will be completed as “Not applicable”.

### 4. First Aid Measures

**Eyes:** Immediately flush eyes with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes occasionally opening and closing upper and lower lid to ensure adequate flushing. Continue flushing and get immediate medical attention.

**Skin:** If exposure occurs, remove contaminated clothing as rapidly as possible while flushing affected area with copious quantities of water. Irritation may be delayed but get immediate medical attention. Skin may be treated with a calcium gluconate gel or slurry in water or glycerine to bind the active fluorides in an insoluble form and limit irritation.

**Ingestion/Oral:** Administer 1-2 glassfuls of milk, calcium gluconate, or calcium lactate to bind fluoride ion in the gastrointestinal tract. Never give anything by mouth to an individual who is, or could rapidly become, unconscious. Get immediate medical attention and show the product label.
5. Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Sodium fluoride is non-flammable. You must, however, use media appropriate to any surrounding fire, and use water spray in flooding quantities as necessary.

Fire and Explosion Hazard: Material will not burn. Can evolve hydrogen fluoride and disodium oxide under fire conditions.

Instructions and Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters:
- Approach fire from upwind. Firefighters should wear respiratory protection (SCBA) and full turnout or Bunker gear with additional chemical protective clothing as necessary to prevent exposure.
- Water from firefighting is corrosive. Prevent runoff to waterways and sewers.

For Flammability Properties - refer to Section 9.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Immediately evacuate all personnel from affected area and deny entry to unauthorised or unprotected individuals. Use appropriate protective equipment (refer to Section 8). Do not touch, walk through or otherwise scatter spilled material.

Small Spill: Use appropriate tools to put the spilled solid in a convenient waste disposal container.

Large Spill: Treat as a poisonous solid. Stop leak if without risk. Do not get water inside container. Use water spray to reduce vapours. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas; dyke the surrounding area if necessary. Check to make sure that the product is not present at a concentration level above TLV. (For the TLV, refer to Section 8 and confer with local authorities.)

Contact your closest Edwards location for further instructions.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Do not eat, drink, smoke, apply cosmetics or store personal items in work and storage areas. Wear chemical resistant suit, gloves, chemical type goggles, and resistant boots. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not ingest or inhale.

Storage: Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Keep away from strong acids.
8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Limits:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>ACGIH - TLV</th>
<th>OSHA - PEL</th>
<th>Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 (UK)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium Fluoride</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³ (Fluorides, as F)</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³ (Fluorides, as F)</td>
<td>2.5 mg/m³ (TWA)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Personal Protection:

Engineering Measures: Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If user operations generate dust, fume or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit.

Respiratory Protection: If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a half facepiece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N95 or better filters) may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate authority or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. A full-face piece particulate respirator (NIOSH type N100 filters) may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit, or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate authority or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. If oil particles (for example lubricants, cutting fluids, glycerine, and so forth.) are present, use a NIOSH type R or P filter.

For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Hand/Skin Protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear safety glasses. If sodium fluoride is released, wear chemical goggles or respirator depending upon level of exposure.

Hygiene Measures: Wash thoroughly after handling, before meals and breaks and before leaving the work area.

Other/General Protection: A safety shower and eyewash “fountain” should be located in close proximity to the work area.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance and Odour</td>
<td>Odourless white crystals</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH (as supplied)</td>
<td>7.4 (solution)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility in Water</td>
<td>4.0 g/100 ml @ 15 °C (59 °F)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatile Content by Volume</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>2.78</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure (mbar)</td>
<td>1.33 @ 1077°C (3092 °F)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling point</td>
<td>3092/1700</td>
<td>°C/°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing Point</td>
<td>990/1814</td>
<td>°C/°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto Ignition</td>
<td>No data</td>
<td>°C/°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td>°C/°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure (Torr)</td>
<td>1 @ 1077°C (3092 °F)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing Point</td>
<td>990/1814</td>
<td>°C/°F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable under normal temperature conditions.

Material/Conditions to Avoid: Oxidizing agents, metals, acids, alkalis.

Hazardous Decomposition: Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Sodium reacts with acids to form hydrogen fluoride. Alkali fluorides (except lithium salt) absorb Sodium Fluoride to form acid fluorides. Thermal decomposition will produce toxic hydrogen fluoride and disodium oxide.

Hazardous Polymerisation: Will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

For a comprehensive description for the various toxicological (health) effects which may arise if the user comes into contact with the substance or preparation, refer to Section 2 (Hazards Identification).

Inhalation:

Inhalation may cause irritation and pulmonary oedema. Repeated inhalation may have chronic effects.

Ingestion:

See Animal Data.

Skin and Eye:

A 2% aqueous solution of sodium fluoride caused corneal defects and necrotic areas in the conjunctiva.

Animal data:

LD50 value: Oral LD50s of 32 mg/kg and 51.6 mg/kg (administered under light anaesthesia via stomach tube) have been cited in the rat. Oral LD50s of 57 mg/kg in the mouse and 200 mg/kg in the rabbit have also been reported.

LC50 value: Ninety-six-hour LC50s for fluoride in freshwater fish range from 51 mg/litre in the rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) to 460 mg/litre in the threespine stickleback (Gasterosteus aculeatus). All 96-hour acute toxicity tests on marine fish gave results greater than 100 mg/litre.

Carcinogenicity:

ACGIH: A4 (Not classifiable for human or animal).

IARC: 3 (Not classifiable for human).

Mutagenicity:

Mutagenic for mammalian somatic cells. Mutagenic for bacteria and/or yeast.

May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, heart, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, bones, teeth.
12. Ecological Information
Does not contain Class I or Class II ozone depleting substances.
Sodium fluoride is listed as an extremely hazardous substance with a threshold planning quantity (TPQ) of 100 pounds. The CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ) is 1000 pounds.

Environmental Toxicity
48 hour EC50 Daphnia magna (water flea): 338 mg/litre.
96 hour LC50 Lepomis macrochirus (bluegill): > 530 mg/litre.
96 hour EC50 Selenastrum capricornutum (green algea): 272 mg/litre.
LD50, oral (goat, sheep) 100 mg/kg; LD50, oral (wild bird) 110 mg/kg.
This material is not expected to be toxic to aquatic life.

13. Disposal Considerations
Do not attempt to dispose or recycle residual waste or unused quantities. Contact Edwards for recycle and/or disposal instructions.

14. Transport Information
This product is classified as hazardous under transport regulations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>EUROPEAN</th>
<th>CANADIAN TDG</th>
<th>UNITED STATES DOT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proper Shipping Name</td>
<td>Sodium fluoride</td>
<td>Sodium fluoride</td>
<td>Sodium fluoride</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard Class</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>6.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Identification Number</td>
<td>UN 1690</td>
<td>UN 1690</td>
<td>UN 1690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shipping Label</td>
<td>Toxic</td>
<td>Toxic</td>
<td>Poison</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Additional Marking Requirement:
If net weight of product > 1000 pounds, the container must be also marked with the letters “RQ”.

Additional Shipping Paper Description Requirement:
If net weight of product > 1000 pounds, the shipping papers must be also marked with the letters “RQ”.

Packing Group: III
15. Regulatory Information

European Regulatory Information

This product has been classified in accordance with EU Regulation No 1272/2008 (as amended) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures.

Classified as dangerous to supply: Yes.

Risk Phrases:
- R25: Toxic if swallowed.
- R32: Contact with acids liberates very toxic gas.
- R36/38: Irritating to eyes and skin.

Safety Phrases:
- S1/2: Keep locked and out of the reach of children.
- S22: Do not breathe dust.
- S36: Wear suitable protective clothing.
- S45: In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

Symbols:

United States Regulatory Information

This product is included on the US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA).

SARA TITLE III - HAZARD CLASSES:
- Acute Health Hazard.
- Chronic Health Hazard.

SARA TITLE III - SECTION 313 SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION:
This product does not contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

Canadian Regulatory Information

WHMIS Classification: D1A, D2B.
All ingredients in this product are included in the Canadian DSL.
16. Other Information

This MSDS is compiled in accordance with ANSI Z400.1 and Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Sources of information for this data sheet:

- Science Lab Sodium Fluoride Material Safety Data Sheet, revised 11th June 2008.

Glossary:

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI - American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG - Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act; CFR - Code of Federal Regulations; Chemtrec - Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); DSL - Domestic Substances List; EEC - European Economic Community; EH40 (UK) - HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act; EU - European Union; HMIS - Hazardous Material Information Service; LC - Lethal Concentration; LD - Lethal Dose; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labour; PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit; RQ - Required Quantity; SARA (Title III) - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313 - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA - Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit; TLV - Threshold Limit Value; TPQ - Threshold Planning Quantity; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA - Time-Weighted Average; US DOT - US Department of Transportation; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

Revisions:

April 2009 - Data Sheet updated to reflect the latest supplier safety information.
June 2010 - Data Sheet updated to reflect current regulatory information.

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